

# THE EVENING BULLETIN

MONDAY, MAY 10, 1886.

The Knights of Labor, everywhere, denounce the bloody work of the Anarchists at Chicago the other day.

The editor of the BULLETIN says we are an astute reasoner. He is an astute.—Republican Enterprise.

Well, this settles it. The above "effusion" characterizes the "sole owner and editor" of the Enterprise as the astute-est of the town.

In the Legislature the House has passed a bill appropriating \$10,000 for continuing the Geological survey for two years. Let the Senate do as well with the bill and the people of the State will have cause for congratulation.

The Lexington authorities raided a gambling room the other night and arrested a number of players. It was a slick job, and the poor unfortunates were caught "dead to rights." The "fraternity" will likely give Lexington a wide-birth hereafter.

A man named Scully, who resides in England and who is a British subject, owns 90,000 acres of land in Illinois. This immense tract of land is occupied and tilled by a large number of tenants, mostly foreigners. Scully receives as rents the handsome sum of \$200,000 per annum, which he takes out of this country and spends in Europe. Another estate of 2,000 acres lying in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City pays about \$100,000 annually to its owners, the Schenleys, of England. It does seem the Government ought to take a hand in this matter, and prohibit aliens from holding title to lands, and a bill is now pending in Congress to bring this about. A minority of the House Judiciary Committee favors the bill and in the report adduces the following excellent reasons in support of it:

"With the natural increase in population, and the 500,000 foreigners who flock to our shores annually, and by competition are reducing the wages of labor, making the battle of life harder to win, how to provide homes for our people a few years hence is a problem for the American statesman to solve. The multiplication of the owners of the soil is a corresponding enlargement of the number of patriots, and every land owner in this country should owe allegiance to the United States."

## "Strange Vagaries."

The Flemingsburg Times-Democrat pays its respects to our neighbor in the following forcible language: "For a man who ought to be, and who is credited with being, a man of 'common sense,' the editor of the Maysville Republican-Enterprise indulges in some strange vagaries, and one of the strangest of them is his craze on the free turnpike question. The man who travels and gets the benefit of improved roads under the present system pays his share toward maintaining such road and affording a profit to those who have invested their capital in them. By the plan of the Republican-Enterprise, the poor widow who owns a little home must pay taxes to keep up a road she never travels on, and receives no benefit from, while the young man who has nothing else to do wears out the road without paying a cent. We reiterate, that there is as much justice and fairness in asking the county to operate a free railroad as a system of free pikes. The benefits in either case would accrue to those who bore the resultant burdens. As the system now stands those who use either railroad or turnpike pay for such use a sum which is supposed to be just and equitable, and which is fixed by law. Those who do not use them have already been taxed to build the roads, and this, it seems to us, is enough to ask them to do.

In addition to this, we see by the R-E. that it is figuring up the cost of its plan, and it foots up thus:

County to pay tolls now collected from the people..... \$10,000  
Less present turnpike and bridge tax... 24,000  
Additional tax in order to secure free travel..... \$16,000  
In other words, our plan necessitates an increase over the present annual taxation of only \$16,000 in order to secure free travel, and not \$30,000 or \$40,000, as the BULLETIN's philosopher would have the people believe.

The utter fallacy, and disingenuousness as well, of the foregoing is apparent to the most casual observer. This plan supposes that after the present turnpikes are made free there will not be a call for new ones. The very reverse of this will be true. Every neighborhood which has not all the pikes it needs will be more than ever clamorous for more, and the result will be that instead of being able to keep the turnpike and bridge tax down to its present figures and applying it to pay a part of the \$40,000 toll money it will be necessary to add to it in order to meet the demand for new thoroughfares.

As we said before, this is no fight of ours, but when the editor of our esteemed contemporary exhibits such a looseness with his figures and statements we feel called upon to defend the position we have assumed, and which seems to us the only rational one for a man of 'common, every day horse sense' to occupy."

# PARSONS' MOUTH BOMB.

THE ARCH-ANARCHIST WRITES AN AUTOGRAPH LETTER.

It is Filled With Warnings, Blood, Thunder, Death and Devilishness—He Wants Things Adjusted to Suit His Tastes and Save His Neck—Strike Situation.

CHICAGO, May 10.—There are few faces in Chicago more familiar to the police than that of Parsons, the fugitive Anarchist, yet up to the present time not the slightest trace of him has been found. The editor of a daily paper here has received an autograph letter from him dated "Chicago, 7:30 p. m., May 7," which would indicate that he is in hiding in the city. It reads as follows:

"DEAR SIR—I want to speak a word through you to my fellow workers, just to let them know I am still in the land of the living and looking out for their interests. And further to give a few hints to some of the fellows who desire to live on Anarchists, that may be for their welfare. In the first place I am watching the papers and also the knowing chaps who give the pointers as to my whereabouts, some of whom will make good subjects for a coroner's inquest one of these days should they persist in their present course.

"To the public I desire to say that the devil is never so black as you paint him. I will in due time turn up and answer for myself, for anything I may have said or done. I have no regrets for past conduct, and no pledges for the future if there is to be nothing but blood and death for the toilers of America. Whenever the public decide to use reason and justice in dealing with the producing class, just at that time will you see me. But should the decision be to continue the present course of death and slavery, just so long will I wage relentless war on all organized force, and all endeavors to find me will be fruitless. Watching my wife and her kind friends is of no use. I am dead to them already. I count my life already sacrificed for daring to stand between tyrants and slaves.

"Now, what must be done to satisfy the Anarchists, is to stop all these demands for blood and show a spirit of reason and a disposition to put down the oppressors of the people and enforce laws against rich thieves as readily as you do against the poor. Grant every fair demand of labor. Give those poor creatures enough to satisfy their hunger, and I will guarantee a quiet period in which all the great questions of land, wages and rights can be put in operation without further bloodshed. But if not, I am already sacrificed, and as a martyr for the cause I have thousands of brothers who will sell their lives just as dearly as I will mine, and at just as great a cost to our enemies.

"I shall wait just as long as I think necessary for the public to take warning and then you decide your own fate. It must be liberty for the people or death for capital. I am not choosing more. It is your choice, and your last. I love humanity and therefore die for it. No one can do more. Every drop of my blood shall count an avenger, and woe to America when these are in arms. I have not yet slept, nor shall I until I sleep in death or my fellow-men are on the road to liberty.

"A. R. PARSONS."

## A Female Mob.

CHICAGO, May 10.—A delegation of Bohemian women, the wives of strikers in the lumber district, waited on the mayor to-day. They complained that they had been insulted and fired on by policemen, and wanted redress. The good advice which Mayor Harrison gave them through an interpreter only increased their indignation, and finally one of them, in a torrent of Bohemian, demanded that the mayor should make the bloated capitalists of the lumber district disgorge. In reply to an inquiry the speaker, a substantial looking woman arrayed in many colored garments and wearing a gold chain and eyeglasses, said she had been in this country only two years. "I thought so," interjected his honor, shutting off another long oration. "Tell these ladies that if their husbands will keep sober, work and allow others to work, they will not need for bread in this country. They cannot expect, however, to attain riches in three years. We grant them a measure of human liberty they never enjoyed in their native land, but that liberty will not be allowed to degenerate into lawless license."

## In Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 10.—The strike situation remains practically unchanged. Though there were some cases of a compromise Friday, these were offset by a number of new strikes among men in various occupations. The furniture men, carriage makers, machinists and safe operations are still out, and comprise the chief element in the strike. In other trades the spirit of compromise prevails and there seems more chance for a settlement.

## SEATED.

Four Ohio Republican Senators Declared Elected and Given Their Seats.

COLUMBUS, O., May 10.—The Republicans in the senate broke the deadlock in the manner suggested by Secretary of State Robinson, and seated the four Republican contestants from Hamilton county. Senator Van Cleef was not on hand to demand a call, and the senate proceeded to business without taking any cognizance of the fact that fewer than a quorum were present.

Mr. Pavey arose to a question of privilege, the highest known to the body—that involving the rights of members to their seats, and moved that Messrs. Wilson, Kuehnert, Hopple and Brashears were not elected members of the senate of the Sixty-seventh general assembly, and that George W. Hardacre, Frank Kirchner, J. C. Richardson and Amzi McGill were elected and were entitled to the seats, and that they should take those seats.

The motion was put and carried by a viva voce vote, no one demanding a division. The four Republicans were then sworn in and took their seats.

The four absentees and their compatriots can now stay away without delaying legislation, for business is going on as before.

FRANKLIN, Pa., May 10.—The Eclipse Oil refinery, one of the largest in the oil regions, is now one mass of flames.

## Races Postponed.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The National jockey club races were postponed until Monday on account of rain.

## SELECTED.

You kissed me! my soul in a bliss so divine.  
Reeled and swooned like a drunken man foolish with wine,  
And I thought 'twere delicious to die there, if death  
Would but come while my lips were yet moist with your breath;  
If my heart might grow cold while your arms clasped me round  
In their passionate fold.

And these were the questions I ask day and night:  
Must lips taste no more such exquisite delight?  
Would you care if your breast were my shelter as then,  
And, if you were here, would you kiss me again?

Let fate do her worst, there are relics of joy,  
Bright dreams of the past, which she can not destroy!  
Which come in the night-time of sorrow and care,  
And bring back the features that joy used to wear.  
Long, long be my heart with such memories filled!  
Like the vase in which roses have once been distilled;  
You may break, you may ruin the vase if you will,  
But the scent of the roses will hang round it still.

—Thomas Moore.

## TEARING DOWN A MOUNTAIN.

The Proudest Achievement of the Panama—A Contractor's Huge Task.

Buho Soldado is the proudest achievement of the Panama Canal company, and is, indeed, a great work. The hill is of solid rock, alternating at places in huge cobble boulders. We are saluted with a following volley of 300 gun-cotton explosions to show how rapidly such work can be manipulated. On the smoke clearing off a really grand engineering feat meets the eye. Lodge upon ledge of sloping rock terrace tower up to the highest point, about 280 feet. On several of the ledges stand rows of wagons, which were it not a holiday would be busily at work. We are at the bottom, and it is necessary to ascend, which we contrive by means of winding paths, M. De Lesseps on a sure-footed mule, for the heat is intense.

The contractor for the raising of this large mass is a Swiss of the name of Sonderegger, whose face is a sanguine and cheerful picture, as if the impediments were nothing. Contrary to the policy of many of his colleagues, he is open and straightforward. The contract has been for the removal of a little short of 2,000,000 cubic meters, he says, as if enjoying the idea; 1,300,000 of this has been done and only 800,000 only remains. The rocky section is 500 meters long, about eighty feet broad at the bottom, sloping up to about 130 feet at the top, and the contractor further takes the swarthy ground as far as kilometer thirty-three. Mr. Sonderegger answered me plainly that he had no doubt of completing his task by the end of next year.

His mode of excavating is very ingenious. He first pierced a tunnel right through the mountain leading to the flat ground on either side. Above this tunnel large holes about three meters broad are made, four in all, at various points above the tunnel, the top being made funnel-shaped. The rocks are then blasted and rolled into these apertures, whose standing sides embrace a large circuit. Below a train of wagons is in waiting to receive the huge boulders as they dash through. In this way four traffic cars are filled at once, and in a very short time the whole train moves away with its heavy load. Such is the practical and swift means which this enterprising contractor takes to diminish his huge task. No wonder the company are proud of him; and were there many of his practical nature, who could show such good solid work, the canal would gain many friends.—Panama Cor. Chicago Times.

## BLOOD SHED FOR BEER.

A Cranky Constable in Danger of Lynching in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 10.—The first blood shed over the attempted enforcement of the new prohibitory law occurred at Des Moines, yesterday. A constable named Pierce repaired to South Des Moines with a warrant to search the premises of Nym Wyatt, who runs a billiard hall.

His efforts were rewarded by the discovery of a small keg of beer in the cellar, which he seized and carried to the floor above. Here Mrs. Wyatt took hold of the keg, and attempted to recover possession of it, when Pierce drew a heavy revolver on her. Harry Lloyd, employed upon the premises, struck down his arm. The two men thereupon became engaged in a struggle, which did not end until they had tumbled out of doors and rolled down an embankment, the officers alighting upon top, when he put his pistol against Lloyd's body and fired, following this up with a terrific blow on the head with the revolver.

The ball struck a rib and glanced, following it around nearly to the spine, where it lodged and was extracted. The wound is probably fatal. After the shooting, Pierce retreated to Des Moines where he was arrested and placed in jail. Great excitement followed, and a large crowd surrounded the court house and freely talked of lynching. Forty armed men guarded the jail all night, and the militia were kept under arms. It is thought that Pierce is slightly demented. He has made many enemies by his methods of searching private houses and other places for liquor.

## A Snake Charmer Bitten.

ST. LOUIS, May 10.—Professor Hathaway, a snake charmer in Cole's circus, was bitten by a large anaconda during the performance and it is said is fatally hurt. The reptile is one of the largest of its kind, was coiled around the performer's body at the time, and the attack was witnessed by the spectators. The fangs penetrated the man near the temple. A number of prominent physicians in attendance at the medical convention examined the case.

## Fatal Hold-Up.

BRADY'S BEND, Pa., May 10.—Charles Glenn, of this place, was riding through a lonely piece of woods near Petrolia late last night, when two men attacked him and demanded his money. Glenn refused, when both men fired at him, the bullets taking effect, one shot entering an arm and the other the shoulder, producing a fatal wound. They then relieved Glenn of \$400 cash, a gold watch, killed his horse and then escaped into the woods.

There are few things in this world worth getting angry about, and they happen to be precisely the things which anger does not help.—Henry J. Raymond.

# OUR NEW NOVELTIES

JUST RECEIVED.

A fresh importation of Satin and Silk Lined Worsted, Cheviot and Mohair Suits, the handsomest Summer Goods ever shown here.

A Large Line of Norfolk Suits; also a complete line of Seersuckers in Sacks and Norfolk styles. These goods will be sold at jobbers' prices. Come and see them.

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if possible, within the next thirty days, in order to stop expenses and meet the demands of their creditors. **Prices will be made that will insure their rapid sale.** There still remains a few patterns of the best make of Black and Colored DRESS SILKS, Black Broad VELVETS, Plain Black and Colored VELVETS, a handsome selection of All Wool Black and Colored FRENCH DRESS GOODS, low-priced DRESS GOODS,

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An early visit will well repay intending purchasers.

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Window Shades, Lace Curtains, &c.

WE OPEN THIS WEEK a complete stock of Carpets at 12 1-2, 20, 25, 35, 40, 50, 60, 65 and 75 cents per yard. Oil Cloths at 25, 30, 35 and 40 cents per yard. Curtain nets at 12 1-2, 15 and 20 cents per yard.

WINDOW SHADES AT 90 cents, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00 per pair. A beautiful stock of Lace Curtains at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 \$2 and \$2.50 per pair—splendid Bargains.

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55 MAYSVILLE'S LEADING DRY GOODS HOUSE, are now ready to furnish you with any of the new Dress Fabrics. Wool Diagonals, French Tricots and Light Weight Buchles, in all of the new shades. A beautiful line of All-Wool Combination Suitings, French and Domestic Battens.

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with Colored Embroidering and Lace to match. All-over Hamburg and Egyptian Lace and Lace Flouncings. A large line of new Hamburg Edgings, in good widths, at 12 1/2, 15, 20 and 25 cents. Don't buy until you see them. **It will pay you to come down on Sulton street, next door below the postoffice, before buying anything in the Dry Goods line.**

March 19, 1886.

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